Building the Board You Need to Get Big Results

presenter: Carolyn Sullivan, President & CEO



Power Up Your Pantry, University of Missouri New Chapter Coaching, LLC, Columbia, Missouri



Housekeeping

- We are recording this!
- Please mute your mic and stay muted unless you would like to make a comment or ask a question.
- Feel free to type questions into the chat box anytime.
 - We'll address these during the Q and A at the end.
- For those joining by phone, you can mute/unmute yourself by hitting "*6."

Power Up Your Pantry

Power Up Your Pantry is a University of Missouri program intended for food pantries and other hunger relief groups looking for ways to enhance their current operations and better meet the needs of the people they serve.

Connect with us!

Grant Writing Community of Practice in early 2020

Website: <u>foodsecurity.missouri.edu/power-up/</u>

Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/powerupyourpantry/





New Chapter Coaching, LLC

Our mission is to build a better world by increasing the effectiveness of nonprofit leaders and the impact of the organization they serve.

Our core services:

- Leadership Coaching
- Strategic Planning
- Strengths-Based Team Building
- Leadership Roundtables
- Executive Transition Management
- Facilitation of Retreats & Meetings
- Fundraising Assessments & Coaching



Carolyn Sullivan President & CEO



Today's Objectives



Today's Agenda

Module 1: I'm on the board; now what am I supposed to do?

Increasing your understanding of the key roles and responsibilities of board members; how they differ from those of the executive director

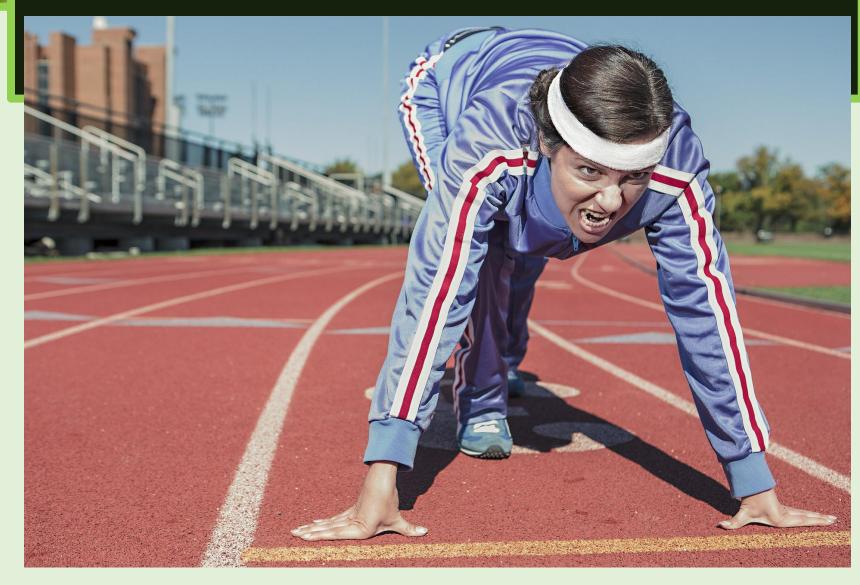
Module 2: What's the process for getting and keeping a healthy board?

Identifying nine components of healthy board building cycle; how each strengthens your organization

Module 3: Three best practices for getting big results out of your board

Identifying three leading governance practices to improve your board's performance and your organization's impact

Let's Get Started!



Module I: Understanding Roles & Responsibilities



Roles

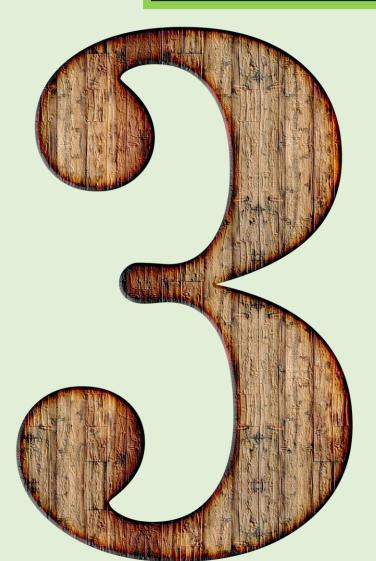
Top 10 Basic Responsibilities Distinctions with Executive

Board of Directors' Duties



- Duty of Care
- Duty of Loyalty
- Duty of
 - Obedience

Board Member Roles



1. Serve as a link between agency and its stakeholders

- 2. Set governing policies
- 3. Monitor agency operations

Board Roles and Responsibilities

- 1. Determine mission
- 2. Select chief executive



- 3. Support and evaluate chief executive
- 4. Ensure effective planning
- 5. Monitor and strengthen programs

Board Roles and Responsibilities

- 6. Ensure adequate resources
- 7. Provide proper fiscal oversight
- 8. Build a competent board
- 9. Ensure legal and ethical integrity
- 10. Enhance agency's public standing



Comparison with ED Roles and Responsibilities

| Board | Executive | |
|--|---|--|
| Hire and manage ED | Hire and manage rest of staff | |
| Set long-term goals | Implement long-term goals | |
| Approve budget | Develop proposed budget | |
| Recruit new board members as needed | Staff the recruitment process as needed; recommend candidates | |
| Develop and regularly revise mission and vision statements | Work collaboratively with board to develop/revise | |
| Ensure programmatic activities are consistent with mission and long-term goals | Implement programs and services | |

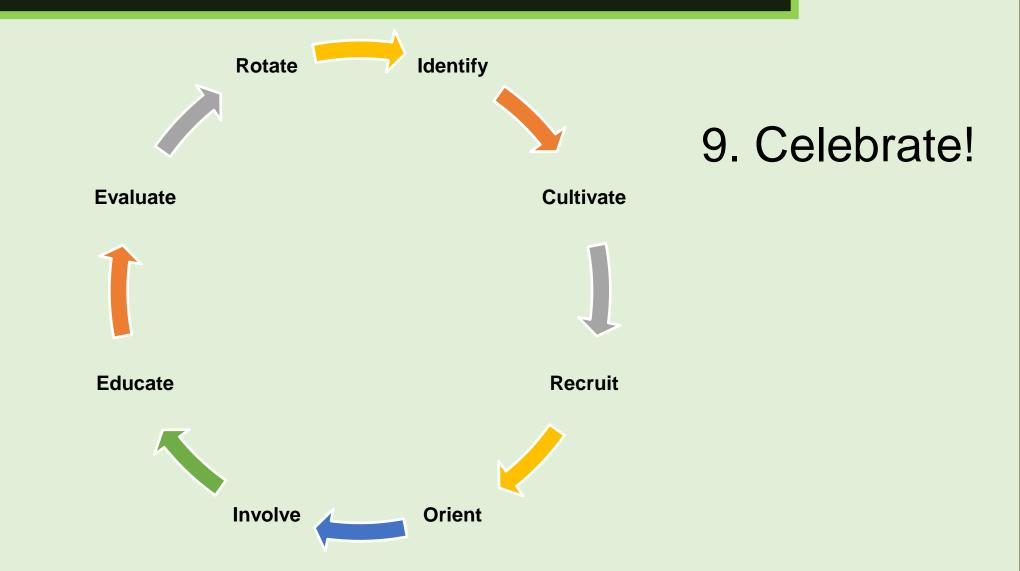
Comparison with ED Roles and Responsibilities

Responsibility Chart for ED and Board of Directors





Module 2: 9 Steps of Board Building Cycle



Recruitment Do's and Don't's

<u>D0</u>

- ✓ Solicit recommendations from the full board and ED
 - Look at personal characteristics, not just skills and experience
- ✓ Meet them face-to-face
 - ✓ Be honest about the commitment

<u>DON'T</u>

- Think this is the ED's responsibility!
- Adopt prospective members without vetting

Forget to ask about conflicts

Think your board will get great without investment

Board Recruitment Timeline

January: Launch recruitment process

- Governance Committee finds out which current board members whose terms are expiring are willing to renew their terms of service
- Discuss and finalize board matrix with board of directors
- Invite board members to identify potential future board members by completing board member nomination form (Deadline:_____)

February: Generate and research board prospects

- Governance Committee meets to review board suggestions and board matrix, and to generate additional names
- Research conducted in order to finalize list of prospective board members
- Governance Committee runs names by full board to check for conflicts or other issues

March/April: Vet board prospects; Secure slate of officers

- Governance Committee contacts prospective board members to ascertain interest in serving; arranges time to meet/interview, as necessary
- Governance Committee begins to constitute slate of officers to present to board of directors

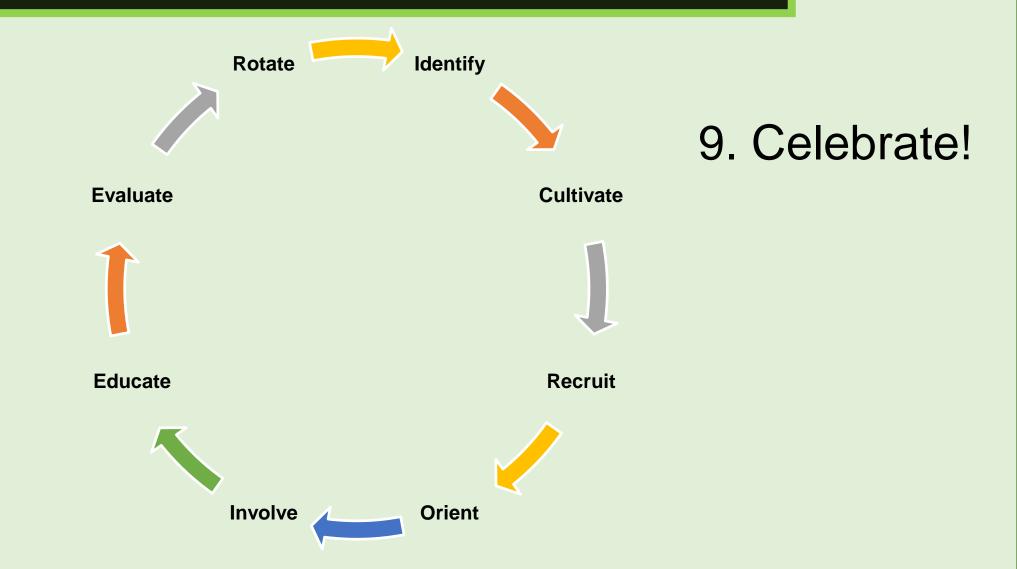
April/May: Continue to vet board prospects

• Governance Committee continues with interviews of prospective board members

June: Present slate of board nominees and officers to board

• Governance Committee presents slate of nominees augmented by nominations from the floor.

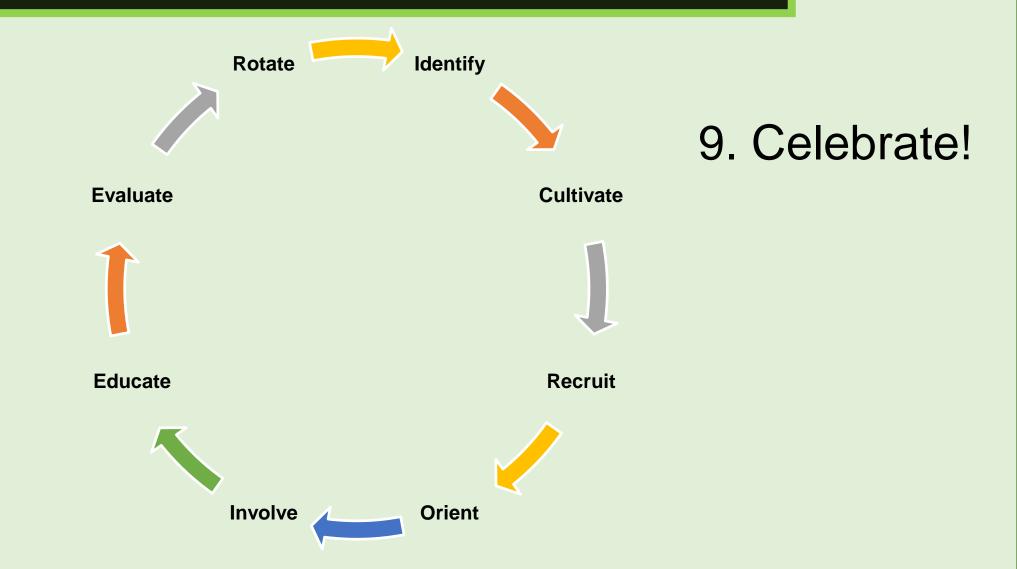
Board Building Cycle: 9 Steps



Board Orientation Agenda

| Activity | Presenter | Time |
|--|--|------------|
| Welcome & Introductions | Board Chair | 2 Minutes |
| Orientation to Board Manual | Board Chair | 5 Minutes |
| Organizational Information Review Fact Sheet Review Org Chart | Executive Director to review mission, history, programs and key staff. | 5 Minutes |
| Board Structure Board Members List Committee List | Board or Governance Committee Chair reviews officers, current members, and committee assignments. New members commits to a committee. | 5 Minutes |
| Roles & Responsibilities Duties Roles Responsibilities Code of Ethics | Board or Governance Committee Chair provides overview of roles & responsibility of the Board vs. those of the Executive Director. | 10 Minutes |
| Board Operations | Board or Governance Committee Chair reviews: bylaws, annual calendar, budget, board approved policies and sample board packet. | 10 Minutes |
| Strategic Plan & Fundraising plan | Board or Governance Committee Chair reviews plans format highlights and key points. | 15 Minutes |
| Next steps | Board or Governance Committee Chair highlights upcoming activities and events. | 2 Minutes |
| Closing Questions | Board Chair | 5 Minutes |
| | | 60 minutes |

Board Building Cycle: 9 Steps



ED Reviews: Nine Best Practices

- 1. Focus on the organization
- 2. Use qualitative and quantitative
- 3. Align with job description and strategic plan
- 4. Make time for serious reflection
- 5. Have ED do self-evaluation



ED Reviews: 9 Best Practices

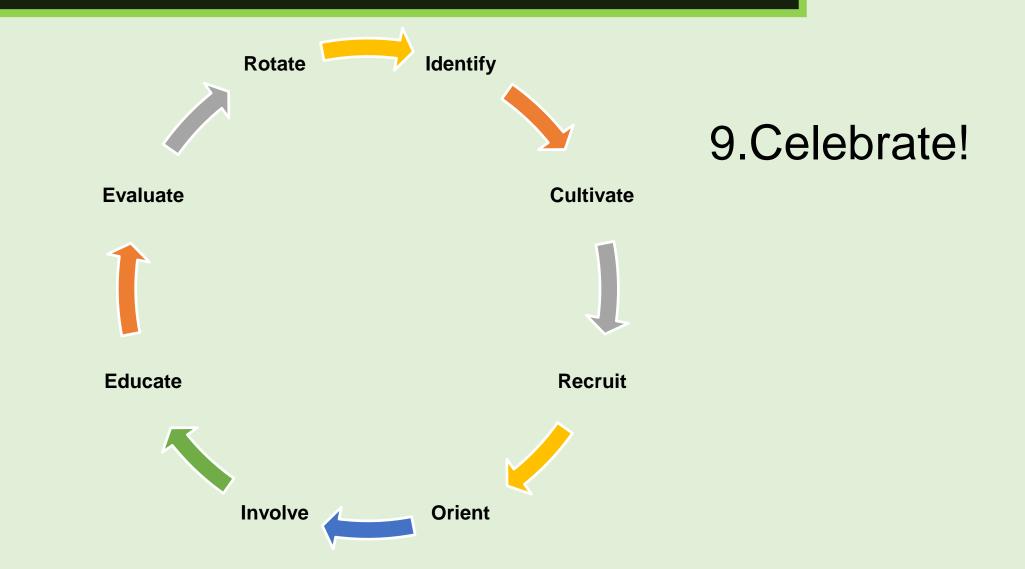
- 6. 360-degree review, when possible
- 7. Discuss compensation
- 8. Set new goals (performance &

professional development

9. Review 365 days a year

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Board Building Cycle: 9 Steps



Source: BoardSource

Prune Your Tree



Your choice!



Module 2: 9 Steps of Board Building Cycle

Remember: All board building falls into one of these three categories:



1. Strategic Recruitment

(Identify, Cultivate, Recruit, Orient)

2. Effective Board

Engagement

(Orient, Involve, Educate)

3. Intentional Revitalization

(Evaluate, Rotate, Celebrate)

Our Seventh Inning Stretch



Module 3: 3 Best Practices to Get Big Results

"Few will have the greatness to bend history itself, but each of us can work to change a small portion of events, and in the total of all those acts will be written the history of this generation."

~ Robert F. Kennedy



Module 3: Best Practices to Get Big Results

Practice One:

Constructive Partnership



Constructive Partnerships: ED and Board Chair

- 1. Understanding of each other's roles/responsibilities and their interdependence
- 2. Shared leadership of the organization
- 3. Cultivation of a trust-based relationship
- 4. Mutual accountability
- 5. Ability to have the tough conversations (performance, diversity & inclusion, fundraising, etc.)

Module 3: 3 Best Practices to Get Big Results



Practice Two:

Strategic Planning

Strategic Planning

The most effective planning processes are...

- 1. Systematic
- 2. Data-Driven
- 3. Measurable
- 4. Linked
- 5. Accountable

- Every 3 yrs.
- Board & Staff
- Facilitated
- ✤ Off-Site
- At Least a Day

Module 3: 3 Best Practices to Get Big Results

Practice Three:

Culture of Accountability



Culture of Accountability: 5 Steps

- 1. Clarify roles
- 2. Clarify goals/expectations
- 3. Measure and review results
- 4. Proactively communicate need for help
- 5. Constructively address deficiencies in performance

Isn't this what it's all about?



Resources

- Boardsource: boardsource.org
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- Boardsource: boardsource.org

BoardSource envisions a world where every nonprofit organization has the leadership it needs to fulfill its mission and advance the public good.

• Joan Garry – joangarry.com (website, book, blog and podcast)





- Keep posted for information about Grant Writing Community of Practice and possible Face-to-Face Meetings in 2020.
- Contact Bill at McKelveyWA@Missouri.edu or 573-882-4973





Thank you for joining us!

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CONTACT US FOR QUESTIONS OR INPUT. WE APPRECIATE THE FEEDBACK!

BILL MCKELVEY COORDINATOR

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Bonus Topic: Common Board Issues

Where well-intentioned boards go wrong!

- 1. Veer off mission to chase funding!
- 2. Put up with low engagement
- 3. Conflicts of interest
- 4. Failure to focus on diversity, equity, and inclusion
- 5. Micromanage the ED (single quickest way to lose them!)

Bonus Topic: Common Board Issues

Where well-intentioned boards go wrong!

6. No term limits

7. Failure to cultivate a strong board chair

8. Failure to conduct board self-assessment (every2-3 yrs)

9. Failure to convene annual retreat

10. Lack of 100% personal contribution rate